CHAPTER I.

SHIP AND MARRIAGE.

out-and-out country boy in every respect.

grandfather, Gen. William Henry Harrison,

to the Presidency after the famous hard-

cider and log-cabin campaign of 1840. Shortly

after his election Gen. Harrison made a trip

to Cincinnati and took his seven-year-old

On the morning after their arrival Bennie

went out to take a walk with his grandfather.

propriated.

Harrison began his education at the old log school-house at North Bend. The cabin was one of the very plainest of buildings of

The teachers, it is said, were sometimes

The teachers, it is said, were sometimes men and sometimes women, and they were not employed all the year round. School began usually immediately after harvest in the Fall, and closed as soon as the Spring farming began, for in those days on the frongier even the children had their duties to prefer and their services were indiscense.

perform, and their services were indispensa-ble in the farm work.

Harrison used to feed the cattle and do the milking although he has since confessed that in the latter labor he was never much of a

Success...

The rivers flowing close by the farms were in that day well stocked with fish; there were squirrels in the woods, and in their season ducks were plentiful. In the pursuit

of such game Young Harrison became an ex-pert shot, especially with the rifle. Very-frequently he assisted the negro cook, car-ried wood and water for him, and helped him

ried wood and water for him, and helped him wash the dishes in order to secure his company in a fishing or hunting excursion.

During this period of his life the influence of the home circle was powerful in forming his character. If a mother was a fervent Presbyterian, and always looked carefully after the religious training of her family. She kept her children about her, and among the pleasantest recollections of the early life of the President-elect are the long Winter evenings which were spent in the company of his parents and his brothers around the big dining-room in front of the great big roaring fire-place.

roaring fire-place.

After he had learned all that the teachers

Far from ascetically devoting himself to literary pursuits it is recorded of him, that he became diligent in seeking partners for concerts, picnics, lectures and partners. He was especially devoted to Miss Caroline Scott, daughter of the President of the Young Ladies' Academy, and when after a season's routs and parties he suddenly forsook that sort of dissipation and became once more a slave to his books, everybody wondered what was the matter until they found out that he had become engaged to Miss Scott, whom he afterwards married.

This is the earliest romance of Mr. Harrison's life, it is said, and the only one. He

This is the earliest romance of Mr. Harrison's life, it is said, and the only one. He pursued his studies with such diligence during the remainder of his college course that he took high honors at graduation and was one of the Commencement speakers. He had always been one of the orators of his

She Had Him.

[From the Boston Courtier,]
Dear Jess, it seems quite strange to me
(Does it seem strange to you?)
When we together used to be,
We both were twenty-two,

But now we meet (can it be true?— I think it o'er and o'er!) I've passed my forty-urat and you Are only thirty-four.

How Fortune's favored you; You look as young as when you were My dear, at twenty-two.

But this I'd like to know, dear Jess,

(For so it now appears), Why you in age than me are less By more than seven years?

I do not know; I do not care

grandson with him.

SATURDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 10.

SUBSCRIPTION TO THE EVENING EDITION VOL. 29.....NO. 9,944

d at the Post-Office at New York as second

## Here's a "High-Water Mark.

The Actual Bona-Fide Number of "Worlds" Printed and Sold Wednesday Nov. 7, 1888, Was

# 580,205.

Supt. of Mail and Delivery Dept. W. H. NEWMAN, Foreman Press-Room

ally appeared before me this 8th day of Wosember, 1888, J. B. McGuffin, Superinndent Mail and Delivery Department, and W. H. NEWMAN, Foreman Press-Room of THE WORLD, who, being sworn, do depose and say that the foregoing statement is true and correct. JOHN D. AUSTIN. Commissioner of Deeds.

A Record Never Before Achieved by an American Newspaper.

#### THE WHITECHAPEL MURDER.

Sir CHARLES WARREN, the booby Chief of the booby London Police, after examining the body of the last so-called "Whitechapel" victim, expresses the opinion that London is the safest city in the world to live in.

In one respect this is true. London is the safest city in the world for murderers to live in, and will so continue as long as the police as as worthless as it is, and has such a wooden head as Sir CHARLES WARREN.

One thing the London authorities, in efficient as they are, ought to guard against. The last atrocity differs from the former crimes, inasmuch as the murder was committed in the woman's apartment instead of in the streets. The deceased had married and was separated her husband on account of dissolute habits. She had been living with a man of disreputable character. Here are reasons enough for a murder, outside of the supposed lunatic's acts. What more probable than that this crime may have been committed by a sane person, through jealousy or revenge, and the mutilation of the body and the writing on the wall resorted to as a shrewd device to direct suspicion to the "Whitechapel fiend" and cover the tracks of the real murderer?

If the London police have any sense they will test this plausible theory.

## THE DEATH ON THE RAIL.

The accident on the Second Avenue Elevated Railroad train ought to be thoroughly investigated. It is not wise on the part of the management of the Elevated Railseek to prevent the the gateman of the car which Mr. Barn sought to board, and to obstruct the police in their search for the man. Indeed, the disappearance of the gateman is very injudicious, as it implies a consciousness of wrong.

Beyond question Mr. BARR was himself at fault. He had no right to seek to force his way on the car after the gates were closed. But it seems astonishing that the guard should not have sought to open the gate and save the rash young man's life, when he saw that it was impossible for him to escape otherwise.

The rule of the company which forbids any opening of the gate of a car when it has once been closed is a good one, and necessary to prevent accidents. But the employees of the road ought to be given to understand that this rule may be relaxed when human life is endangered by its strict observance. The gateman seems to have thought more of saving his place than of saving Mr. Bazz's life. If this is made clear it will point out to the management the expediency of giving such instruction to the employees of the road as will prevent the recurrence of such a calamity.

#### ANNA AND HIGH JINKS.

Miss Anna Dickinson, who sues the Republican National Committee for \$1,250, a balance due her on a contract for services in the campaign, tells a WORLD reporter that the money is justly her due and she intends to get it if there is any justice in law and any law to compel justice.

Miss Dickinson was asked whether there is any truth in the report that she was really promised an extra \$5,000 by the National Committee in the event of Harrison's election. But ANNA sadly denied the story, and turning to a lady friend who was present at the interview, remarked, "If it were \$5,000, dear, wouldn't we just have high jinks?"

Now, if the National Committee should give Miss Dickinson \$5,000 it would be no more than she deserves, and they can well afford it. Here is Chairman Quay boasting. it is said, that he has won \$100,000 on the election. All the committeemen are alleged to have increased their bank accounts, and it is asserted that the money put up would not have been a serious deprivation to them if their bets had been lost. durely they can well afford to give ANNA \$3,000. She did more real work than any of he Committeeman did in the campaign, and nor "high jinks" would be of a much more discreet character than most of them will

THE WORLD. yesterday, and consoled herself disappointment, with young son and gossip. It is scarpely creditable to the fair CYNTHIA's generosity that she omitted to invite Mr. HEWITT, her companion in defeat, to her circle of consolation.

> Col. W. W. Dupley is in no hurry to return o Indiana. He has business that will detain im in this city.

#### WORLDLINGS.

Francis P. Owings went to Chicago from St ouis nine years ago with a fortune of \$15,000, and now one of the largest real estate owners in the Lake City. In that time he has erected twenty-six utidings, which give him a very handsome ren

Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, who is to marry Miss Englectt, has an income of \$150,000 from his facin a fashionable part of London, besides a manion and fine greenhouses at Birmingham. He is fifty years old, but looks as if he were not more than forty.

The people of Salt Lake City are contemplating ion of a great Salt palace which is designed to lay in the shade all the ice and corn paldes ever constructed. The walls are to be of quarried salt, chiselled and carved in artistic designs, while the interior decorations will be made of crystalized fountains from the great Salt Lake.

The famous French physician, Charcot, the specialist in nervous diseases, has a royal income from his practice. His fee from the Emperor of Brazil alone amounted to \$8,000. His reception room, where patients wait their turn, is filled with costly paintings and statuary and carved furniture, while stained glass fills the windows and Gobelin tapestry covers the walls.

#### "WHAT OF BLAINE?"

Divergent Opinions as to the Reward of the Great Republican Leader.

Under the caption, "What of Blaine?" THI WORLD of this morning prints the expressions of sixty-six prominent men in various parts of the country as to what the Maine statesman should be ome under the new order of things political.

"How will the G. O.P. reward its 'real leader?" asks The World.

The majority of the men interviewed say in effect that the Plumed Knight should have anything he wants. Seventeen of them say so in as many

wants. Seventeen of their say so in which they works.

Of those who name positions in which they would like to see Mr. Blaine several mention more than one, so that the opinions expressed reality outnumber the men giving them. A general summary indicates the following divisions of feeling:

Anything he wants, 17; Secretary of State, 25; Minister to England, 8; to France, 2; a foreign ministry, indefinitely 3; Senate, 2; to remain "first clingen of the Hepablic, 1;" to be dropped out of sight, 4.

'Anst citizen of the Republic, 1;" to be dropped out of sight, 4.

Seven of the interviewed were non-committal. A considerable number of those who expressed opinions doubted if Mr. Blaine would scoept any office. Several expressed themselves in favor of outting him in the State Department or senting him 10 Englant, and in the summary such expressions are counted both ways.

John B. Elam, Gen. Harrison's partner at Indianapolis, said that while he had not takked with Gen. Harrison about 18, his impression was that Blaine would not be in the Cabinet.

THE LAST OF THE HORSE SHOW.

Plenty of Attraction for the Day and Even

cloudy wet day was rather bad luck for the horse show. But the interest attaching to the ast day of the exhibition and several unusually interesting events will prove attraction enough in spite of weather.

The anddle horses and hunters, cabs, carriage horses and trotters took their exercise this fore-

norses and trotters took their exercise this lorenoon.

One novelty set down among the judgings of today is that of road rigs. The sorses competing for
this prize did not have to be brought to the show
before to-day, and in making the award neither
the speed, record or breeding of the horses will be
considered by the judges.

P. ofessional conclumen will be judged to-day,
also, and the Jehu who can sit most like a piece
of terra cotta will probably win it.
At 80-clock this evening, there will be a grand
parade of all prize takers.

arade of all prize takers.

At 3.50 the champion prize for hunters will be ontested for by first prize takers in the hunter lasses. This will be the wind up of the great

The Girls Play Baseball Over on Governor's Island.

To get quickly out of the noise and bustle of the city, board the little steamer at the Battery and make a trip to Governor's

Over there you will find cannon, cannon balls piled up in odd ways, gayly arrayed United States army officers, an expanse of reen rolling lawn and a bevy of pretty girl tho are always strolling around on pleasant

days.

The young ladies who make the island The young ladies who make the island their home have a gay time. They are athletes, every one of them, and when they romp on the lawn in the afternoon they make the air ring with their merry laughter.

One of their favorite sports is playing baseball. When a young lady of perhaps eighteen raps the ball down to left fleid and goes scrambling down to first, bubbling over with excitement, while all the players scream like so many lynxes, the scene is indeed animated

so many lynxes, the scene is indeed animated and the fun irresistible.

They can judge a ball with professional accuracy and swing a club with almost the strength and skill of a Giant, but throw they

cannot, because, perhaps, they are not built that way.

The Giants may look out next season for a

challenge.

[From Puck.1



Host-Great Casar! is that young Toggles drunk r crazy, to come here in that rig ? Hostess-Hush, William! he has only lost a

A Weird Wager on Election. One of the most novel of election wagers is re-ported from the Stock Exchange, where an enthustatic Democratic member will have to vote as directed by a Republican broker for the next four years. The Democrat wishes he had laid a money wager on Cieveland.

Its Probable Use.

(From the St. Paul Pioneer Press,)
A chalk pond in New Hampshire, claimed to be the only one of its kind in the United States, has been purchased by a stock company. Its object is not stated, but probably it is intended to turn the pond into a dairy farm.

Daly is Alderman-Elect.

To the Editor of The Evening World; Please let me know who is the Alderman-elect of Historest character than most of them will indulge in.

Mrs. Leonand, one of the defeated candilates for Mayor, gave a lea party

France is in a thow who is the Alderman-cleet of the Minteenth Assembly District. Mostly all papers give Cornelius Daty, the Tammany candidate, a plurainty of 76 votes, and John Carito, the Republican candidate, claims now a majority of 435 votes, which is also given him by your contemporary the first.

AMXIOUR.

But Now That Gen. Harrison Is Elected, Why Not Help Him?

Suppose We Proceed to Form an "Evening World" Cabinet.

And Then, of Course, Transmit the List of the Favorites to Gen. Harrison Himself.

Even if the Republicans have elected their President, why should they be the only ones to have a try and the Cabinet is intended for everybody. Why not lend a hand and show Fresident-elec-Harrison that Democrats as well as Republicans

are kindly disposed. The idea is to form an Eventus World Cabinet for his consideration. Checky? do you say, my Republican friend? Oh! not at all. Patriotic interest pure and simple, and a wish to help along lovernmental affairs.

Besides, THE EVENING WORLD revolves for all. Therefore, it will now proceed to receive from its readers suggestions and recommendations as to the make-up of the next Cabinet.

more members of the Cabinet, stating briefly and brightly the reasons for his recommendations. It will also be allowable, in forming THE EVENING WORLD Cabinet, to oppose any gentleman for any particular portfolio. reasons for this opposition must also be stated neatly and succinctly. Don't write long letters. They're tedious. We will print the most interest ing of the correspondence. We shall not object o communications slightly tinged with humor.

Of course we shall expect to hear from both Re publicans and Democrats. This will be the earlest way for everybody to make known their preference to President-elect Harrison. Whatever the source or nature of the recommendations, they will be counted for or against the gentlemen con

After reasonable time THE EVENING WORLD, pro eeding on a numerical basis of recommendation and objections, one objection offsetting one recom WORLD Cabinet. And this Cabinet, duly attested, will be forwarded to President-elect Harrison himself, with the statement that it is made by THE EVENING WORLD readers. He will, of course, give it due consideration in determining this mportant feature of his Administration.

President Harrison will have the appointment o one more Cabinet officer than his predecessors, provision having been made by Congress for Secretary and Department of Agriculture. The other Cabinet opositions are as follows: Secretary of State, Secretary of the Treasury, Secretary of War, Secretary of the Navy, Postmaster-General Secretary of the Interior and Attorney-General. making eight in all.

#### THE COMING SIX-DAY WALK.

Men Are Entered Who Will Boldly Attack the Biggest Record.

William O'Brien, who will manage the six-daygo-as-you-please at Madison Square Garden Chanksgiving week, has already received applica tions from 200 aspirants for pedal honors, gold and The entries will be limited to forty, however,

After he had learned all that the teachers in the log cabin school-house could teach him, the lad's education in the more advanced branches of learning was undertaken by his father. He pursued his studies with much cainestness and vigor, and at the age of lifeteen entered Farmer's College, at Cincinnati, where he spent two years.

He studied hard and took high honors. From this institution he went to Miami University, entering in the junior class. There he was thrown among a different class of associates, and soon after he had made acquaintances he began to lose to a certain degree the austerity of his manner, and eventually went in heart and soul for all sorts of social enjoyments.

Far from ascetically devoting himself to literary pursuits it is recorded of him, that The entries will be limited to forty, however, and every living champion will be in the race.

The principal prize will be a stammond belt valued at \$2,500, offered by Richard K. Fox. and the winner will be champion of the world. Beadeds this, he who beats Jinnine Albert's record of 621 miles will get \$1,000 and his share in one-half the gate receipts, which will be divided in the usual ratio among men who cover 525 miles in 142 hours.

George Listiewood has been in daily training at the Pastime Athletic Grounds under Happy Jack Smith, doing forty miles a day. In London pools are even, with the blond against the field.

Jimmie Alberts and Gus Guerrero, who is backed by al Smith, are entered, and Dan Herry, who has just beaten the four-hour record at Newburg, doing 333, miles, intends to win the race.

Seven Englishmen will start, including George Hazzel, who was the first man to cover 600 miles; George Mason, the twelve-hours-a-day champion; Archie Sinciair, George Cartwright, Corkey, who won the Astley belt walk in 1882, and Charley Rowell, who made the record for twenty-four hours-gi50 miles 395 yards—and covered 610 miles in 1882.

#### UNION PAINTERS GOT THERE.

Some of the labor unions have not yet fully repovered from the effects of the political campaign. The Building Trades Section last night received from the Metal-Workers' Section charges of a political nature against Delegate James P. Archihald, whose alleged offense is that he was a supporter of Gov. Hill. No action was taken by the

A delegate of the German Painters' Union re-A delegate of the German Painters' Union reported that, on the representation that they employed union men, Geis & Dietz secured a job in Rivington street, between Allen and Orchard. The owner of the building, on learning that the firm had non-union men on the work, dismissed Geis & Dietz and employed union nands. The same firm was reported as having the job of painting two houses in Thirty-first street, between Third and Lexington avenues, the property of a Mr. Reichert. The Secretary was instructed to request Mr. Reichert to engage union men.

A resolution of the Grantic Culters' Union was adopted, asking trades and labor so-delies through-

adopted, asking trades and labor societies through-out the country to take concerted action to abolish out the country to take concerned action to about a contract labor on Government works.

Delegate Flood, of the Carpenters', was placed on the Credential Committee, and Delegate Henni, of the German Painters', was appointed a member of the Arbitration Committee.

### Brought in a New Conundrum.

[From the Chicago Tribune.] timidly sitting down on the corner of a chair, that I think is new. Why is a man who lays ou a new aubdivision like pickles ?" ". Because he c-c-cumbers the ground?" has-arded the real estate editor.
"No; that isn't the right answer."
"Because," suggested the exchange editor, "it makes him sour if he doesn't ketchap with

then they rose up as one man and threw him

At the Hotels.

Capt. R. M. Rogers, U. S. A.; Samuel G. Dun-ham, of Hartford; W. H. Peterson, of Boston, and Edward Soule, of Philadelphia, are at the Grand Hotel

Hotel.

At the Gliney House are O. R. Glover, of Chicago. Dwight Broughty. of Boston, Lee Meamer, of Paris, and J. N. Beckley, of Rochester.

Among the Sturtevant House guests are J. West Wagner, of Washington; James Huller, of Philadelphia, and Edmunson Perine, of Boston.

Registered at the Hotel Brunswick are Lieut.—Col. C. J. Ward, of Jamsica, W. I.; J. W. Elleworth, of Chicago; W. D. Lowell, of Boston, and Horace Breck, of Lebanon, Ph.

At the St. James are C. J. Howe, of Minne.

At the St. James are C. J. Howe, of Minne apolis; J. Hargreaves, of England, and J. P. Pomeroy, of Boston. Among recent arrivals at the Hoffman House are J. W. Allison, of Wannington; I. K. Robin-son and E. A. Fargo, of Chicago, and Fisctwood Ward, of Detroit.

Thomas Dwight, of Boston; Thomas Biddle and Warren Green, of Louisville, are at the Albemarie.
At the Fifth Avenue Hotel are G. H. Mork, of Berlington, Vi.; C. H. Milford, of Boston; H. A. Seymour, of Washington, and H. C. Parsons, of Natural Bridge, Va. Natural Bridge, Va.

H. B. Nims, of Troy; H. A. Keller, of Denver,
Col.; L. Curran, of Lonisville, and W. A. Van
Buren, of Indianapolis, are at the Bartholdt.

Among the Astor House guests are F. C. Maury,
of Nashville; K. Gurisy and P. H. Linton, of
Chicago, and G. Lillienthal, of Fittaburg, Fa.

MEAN. BENJAMIN HARRISON. THAT GREAT BIG

#### A SKETCH OF THE PRESIDENT-ELECT. If I Were A MILLIO NAME HIS BOYHOOD, HIS STUDENT LIFE, HIS COURT [Written expressly for "The Evening World."] Benjamin Harrison's boyhood was spent at the home of his grandfather at North Bend, O. Until he entered Farmer's College, near Cincinnati, when he was fifteen years old, he had never travelled far from home, and was brought up on the old farm at North Bend an One of the earliest incidents related of him is in connection with the election of his

To the Editor of The Evening World: If I had \$1,000,000 I would have a boar built that would beat your Volunteer at any cost.

An English Box.

It Doesn't Require a Million. To the Editor of the Evening World:

What would I do if I were a millionaire Why I would get married to-morrow. W. Morris,

East One Hundred and Sixteenth street. A "Reb's" Notion.

went out to take a walk with his grandfather, and one of the first objects that attracted his attention was a fruit stand kept by an old Irishwoman in front of the hotel, loaded down with big red apples. The boy ran up to the stand and began to fill his pockets, and, to the utter amazement of the proprietress, was off with the booty before she had any chance to interfere with this high-handed proceeding.

Apples were plenty at North Bend, and as no one ever thought of paying for a pocketful there young Ben was greatly surprised when he found that the President elect was obliged to apologize for his grandson's mistake to the old woman and shell out a good round sum for the apples which he had appropriated. To the Editor of Tile Ecenting World:

As the possessor of a million I would bring to reality the doctrines of Calhoun and Davis, for a country like the South is too great to be ruled by a Yankee like Harrison.

Delmonico's Biggest. To the Editor of The Evening World: If I would come into the possession of \$1,000,000 I would go to Delmonico's and order one of his biggest dinners.
660 Quincy st. E. J. Maddox.

A Friend of Poor Lo. To the Editor of The Evening World: 1 would buy Gatling guns and help Indian and Zulus fight the white hydra! DELARUE.

A Million for Football

To the Editor of The Evening World:
"If I were a millionaire" I would organize the greatest football association in Brooklyn that ever was. I would also buy footballs for all the small boys in Hicks street. John J. Cooke, Hicks street, Brooklyn.

A Would-Be Patren of Science.

To the Editor of The Evening World:

If I possessed the one million dollars would devote the whole of my life t scientific researches and encourage every experiment likely to benefit mankind in this great country. 1016 Pacific street, Brooklyn.

Help for the Unemployed.

To the Editor of The Evening World:

If I had a million of dollars I would employ every cent of it in furnishing employment for the unemployed. I would procure a large tract of land cheap and build inexpensive factories for every trade for male and female factories for every trade for male and remains. These factories would be self-supporting. By this means the poor could help themselves, and our city would not be over-run with people looking for work, as I am now.

141 Sixth avenue.

J. E. D.

A Bookblack Home.

To the Editor of The Evening World:

If I had a million dollars I would spend half of it in going around in the tenement districts of New York and helping the many poor, suffering families. I would spend quarter of it in procuring homes for the many bootblacks and newsboys of New York. For the other quarter I would buy a house for myself and live there. I would keep on working and doing as much good as I could everywhere.

WILLIAM SCHOLTZ.

471 Liberty avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Relp for the Pharmacy College.

To the Editor of The Evening World:

I would assist the College of Pharmacy of the city of New York to build an edifice large enough to give all the necessary knowledge to the students, so as to have them thorough pharmacists, as we need them badly. We find in New York City many so-called drug stores where the proprietor himself is not a pharmacist, but has a registered clerk, and through that mask practices pharmacy. The college and the real, true pharmacists have not the necessary means. So if any millionaire has some spare change let him donate it to the College of Pharmacy of the city of New York, as a donation in that direction will be a blessing to the public at large.

C. W.

Baths and Washhouses.

was one of the Commencement speakers. He had always been one of the orators of his class, and the subject of his speech on that occasion was "The Poor of England."

His boyhood ceased at this point, for he was soon afterwards married and with his young wife went to Indianapolis to establish himself in the oractice of the law.

Gen. Lew Wallace describes him at that period as small in stature, of slender physique and what might be called a blonde. His eyes were gray, tinged with blue; his hair was light, reminding one of what in ancient days along the Wabash was more truly than poetically described as a "tow-head." He was plainly dressed, and in that respect gave tokens of indifference to the canons of fashion. He was modest in manner, even diffident; but he had a pleasant voice and look, and did not lack for words to express himself."

He grew with more intimate acquaintance-ship, and by and by men, speaking of him in the vernacular, prophesied that he would develop into a "swinge cat." To the Editor of The Evening World:
I cannot think of any better way of of spending the million than establishing baths and washhouses. No one who has visited the tenement-house districts can doubt but that they would be an inestimable blessing. Washhouses similar to those estabtished in all the leading cities of England and the Continent would do away with much uncleanliness and discomfort. In London a poor woman can take her clothes to a pub-lic laundry and wash, iron and dry them at an expense of three cents an hour. Baths and washhouses have been successful, not only from a santary point of view, but as a safe investment, and there can be no doubt that similar establishments would be equally successful in New York.

137 Broadway.

J. S. P.

A Challenge to Cooks.

To the Editor of the Evening World:
Will you be so kind as to put this challenge in THE EVENING WORLD. I, D. A. DAVIS, will challenge heavy order cooks in New York or Brooklyn for any amount, that I will get more orders out of the kitchen and more get more orders out of the kitchen and more fancy dishes in less time than any other heavy order cook. I am twenty-five years of age. I best James Smith last Winter at the English chop-house. I turned out 200 orders in 40 minutes. while he turned out 104 in 40 minutes. He was the best cook Canada ever had. I won \$100 and I will challenge any one for \$100 now. David A. Davis, 103 Franklin street, Greenpoint.

#### Catarrh in the Head

the nose, tickling in the throat, offensive breath, pain over and between the eyes, ringing and bursting noises in the ears, are the more common symptoms. Catarrh is cured by Hood's Barsapartila, which strikes directly at its cause by removing all impurities from the blood, building up the diseased tissues and giving healthy tone to the whole system.

"Hood's Barsapartils has beined me more for catarrh and impure blood thus asything close I ever used." A. BALL, Egracuse, N. W. he nose, tickling in the throat, offer

The matron drooped her deep lashed eyes, And, as she held him fast, She answered, 'twixt her long drawn sighs: 'You know men live so fast!"

Ball, dyrecuse, N. Y.
"This certifies that I was cured of a had case of
ostarrh by Hood's Sersapanila two years ago." Wit. H.
Norms, East Jefferson, Ma.

9

Hood's Sarsaparilla

by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Prepared only i. I. HOOD & OO., Apotheoaries, Lowell, Mass. 100 POSES ONE DOLLAR

ping into the brouchist tubes or image is very lable to lead to brouchits or consumption. As estarra originates in impurities in the blood, local applications can do but little good. The common-sense method of treatment is to purify the blood, and for this purpose there is no preparation superior to Blood's Harsapariija. The powerful action of this medicina upon the blood expets wisry impurity, cures enters the diverse health to the entire organism.

entire organism.

"I had the weest symptome of abronic enterth for two years. Be broadlessme was it that I could not small nor teste. I found Hood's Rerespectits a speedy cure, and I am now free from this awful disease." J. H. HARLEIR, Hay fibers, N. Y.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggiete. \$1; six for \$5. Propered of the C. I. HOOD & CO., Apotheseries, Levell, Mass.

100 DORES ORE BOLLAR.

# "IF." DR. GREENE'S **NERVURA** NERVE TONIC

Guaranteed Purely Vegetable and Harmless

We are using Dr. Greene's Nervura Nervo Tonic at the

our patients with good success, KMIL NEUMER, M. D., Supt. New York German Hospital. It restores exhausted nerve powers and re-establishes ost vitality. A.J. MARSTON, M.D., Philadeiphia. Formerly Professor in a Maine Medical College and Editor of the Eastern Medical Journal.

I unhesitatingly pronounce Dr. Greene's Nerver Nerve Tonic the most valuable remedy for the nerves have ever used, S. M. REYNOLDS, M. D.,

I have found it a perfect and complete cure for tho ruffering from all forms of nervous troubles, alsoplessess, headache, nervous weakness and debility.

HENRY PEFFER, M. D., New York.

Pronounced the Greatest Medical Discovery of the Century.

Dr. Greene, the Specialist in Nervous and Chron diseases, of 35 West 14th st., New York, prepares this great remedy, and he can be consulted, sonally or by letter, absolutely free of charge.

ADULTERATORS OF MILK.

They Rob the Purse and Poison the Children of the Poor.

One of the most despicable frauds petrated against the poor people of New York is that of watering the milk which is sold to the mothers of young children.

The Health Board has been putting forth every effort for the stoppage of this evil, and with flattering success, though the work of the milk inspectors has revealed a side of human nature not pleasant to contemplate. There are eight milk inspectors, and they are constantly busied in watching the immense milk supply of this city.

The city uses about two million quarts of milk each day. It comes from Orange, Sullivan, Westchester and Dutchess counties in this State, and from New Jersey and Long Island dairies.

lon cans, and the milk trains unload their freight in the first hours after midnight. Then this mammoth supply is divided among thousands of retailers. There is a fair profit and little loss in the business, yet

It reaches the city in ten and twenty-gal-

the inspectors find many adulterators.

Water is the thing used in adulterating the milk, and the lactometer thrust into a can of milk will reveal mmediately whether it is

milk, and the lactometer thrust into a can of milk will reveal mmediately whether it is pure or not.

The Inspectors sometimes makes raids on the wholesalers of milk, but their work is principally among the retail dealers.

Since the first of January more than 259 arrests have been made of dealers whose milk has been watered.

It is a misdemeanor to thus adulterate milk, and Col. Prentiss, counsel to the Board of Health, is vigorously prosecuting the violators of the law.

During 1888, more \$7,000 has been collected by the Court of Special Sessions in fines from convicted dealers.

In each case where the lactometer indicates the presence of water in a can of milk, a sample is taken to the office of the Health Board and analyzed by Chemist Martin, or his assistant, Mr. Beebe, and thus the evidence is obtained for the conviction of the dealer.

The inspectors have made upward of twenty thousand inspections since Jan. 1. The amount of water used in the adulteration is usually very small, considering the small rain which is derived from it and the risk of

is usually very small, considering the small gain which is derived from it and the risk of punishment involved.

Thus a ten-gallon can of milk usually receives not more than one-half gallon of water. The dealer cannot possibly gain more than 12 cents on a can in this way, while, if detected, he may be fined more than he would defraud his customers in a whole year. In inflicting punishment for violations of the law the courts take into consideration the extent of the adulteration proven, the amount of business done by the convicted dealer and other circumstances.

other circumstances. A dealer whose trade in milk is not more

A dealer whose trace in milk is not more than one ten-gallon can per day is given a lighter fine than one who sells four or five cans, while one who has been found guilty of adulterating his milk on a previous occasion need look for no mercy.

It is not often that the milk as it reaches the city in the original cans is found to be watered, but from the time it leaves the train till it reaches the consumer it passes through the hands of middlemen, commission merchants, wholesalers and peddlers or small grocers, and the temptation to increase profits by adulteration is very great.

Watered milk is unwholesome for babes and, especially in hot weather, it induces summer complaint and kindred infantile ills, The Milk Inspetion Corps of the Board of Healh is doing good work, and sooner or later any dealer who adulterates his milk will be caught and punished.

#### PRIZE CHRYSANTHEMUMS. Chinese and Japanese Diplomats to See

Their Favorite Flowers, To-Day. The chrysanthemum marques of the New York Horticultural Society is altracting large numbers of visitors daily to the corner of Broadway and Fourteenth street. Several new varieties of this Fourteenth street. Several new varieties of this hardy plant have been introduced this year. Two of them have been named after enthusiastic lady chrysanthemumists, the "Mrs. Alpheus Hardy and the "Mrs. Andrew Carnegie."

H. W. Hairs, of Riugewood, Conn., has succeeded in raising a pure white cirysanthemum, with a smell like sweet pea to it. This is the greatest novelty yet in chrysanthemum. The Chinese Minister and the Japanese Consul will visit the skow to-day.

The Constitution of Servia is to be revised. One of the Burgess yachts wins a race in Japan. Parnell's counsel protest against the partiality of the Judges.

Hannah Sharkey died at Youngstown, O., at the An unknown man commits suicide by jumping over Niagara Palls. An explosion in a Kansas coal mine causes the death of 150 miners. duck Ewing says that Ward will not play with Boston next sesson.

Frederick A. Potts, the coal baron, dies after an illness of three weeks. The Sheriff of McConnellsville. C., is stoned by a mob, and nearly killed. The King of Holland is reported to have nearly The American favorites of the King of Worten-burg go to Monte Carlo to avoid unpleasantness at the King's palace.

Prof. Nameer succeeds in exploring the interior of Greenland and arrives at Godthanb with his four Norwegian athletes. Agent Scott, of the Wagner Car Company at Toledo, is a defaulter to the extent of \$2,000. Hand-ball pools ruined nim.

A BAFE, sure ours for coughs and colds, Apar

bacco made my nerves very weak and badly deranged my stomach. I had an extreme tired feeling and could not eat or sleep naturally. I take pleasure in stating that Dr. Greene's Nervara Nerve Tonic has completely cured

45 Derrance st., Providence, B. L. I am free to say that I consider Dr. Greens's Nerves
Nerve Tonic rightly named. I have recommended in
use to several.

Presuding Eider, Fort Dodgs, Is.
I think Dr. Greene's Nervara Nerve Tonic is the best

known remedy for neuralgia and sick headsche and recommend it to all. MARY M. DUNLAP. West Hampstead, N. H.
Having used Dr. Greene's Nervura Nerva Tonic and found it all it is recommended to be, I can truthfully say that I consider it far above all other nerve tonics.

JAMES K. WEST, Manager "Ratiroad and Hotel News," Baltimore, Md If you are sufering from any form of nercon disease, do not fall to use this wonderful remedy Refuse all imitations, Price \$1 per bottle.

sale by all druggists.

#### SPORTING GOSSIP.

Bob Cummings, a well-known man about town, who could once run a hundred yards within a abade of even time, says Charier Mitchell's sprinting pretentions received an even worse set back than John L. is did. Cummings used to practice with Harry Fredericks, Link Stears and a lot more, at the Manhattan Athletic Club's, where Mitchell trained for his four-round go with Jack Burke, fought in the Germania Assembly Rooms five years ago.

Mitchell was a splendidly conditioned, cleans limbed fellow and much stuck on his ability to run a short distance in remarkably quick time. He could really do about eleven seconda. When exertising he would trot or walk around the track til he came to the last half of the 220 yards where he would start as if from a mark and run a hundred at top speed. Cummings used to coach him, running just a trifle in front till Mitchell was just provoked enough to try to make a match race with him. The match came off one Sanday aftersoon and Cummings, who could easily have besten him out a foot.

Mitchell was wild. Commings laughed quietly, as did Madden, though needless to say the latter didn't let Mitchell see him enjoying his discomporture. Mitchell persisted in racing again, but Cummings pretending that he was tired run in Brien White against the puglists. White and five other amaleurs who raced with him that Sunday afternoon were not bashful about beating him as far off as possible.

The English amateur runners, George and Young, are members of the London Spartan Harriers and not of the Manhattan Athletic Crub, as might be inferred from the paragraph in yester-day's issue. Jimmy Liddy, the champion light-weight boxer of New Jersey, and Mike Cusning, who is open to battle any man at 126 pounds, are to have a ten round two ounce blackened glove contest. It is for a \$100 purse and will take place in a few days,

Both Prof. Mike Donovan and Jack Dempsey are n strict training. Their six round contest will ake place at the Palace Hall, 81 and 83 Grand street Williamsburg, on Thursday evening, Novel

The class lessons in boxing which Robert Turn-bull will begin at the rooms on the first floor of 60 Union square, near Seventeenth street, at 90 clock on Monuay evening, will be something altogether new in this city. Boxing is generally taught in what is called private lessons, the teacher sparring twenty or thirty minnies with each pupil for a lesson. No teacher sparring as much as this method compels can do more than merely tap with each pupil. As a result, few boxing pupils can do much more than pose prettily at the end of his fifteen or twenty lessons, no matter how highly their exercises have been flattered. Turnbull takes a class of from twenty to forty pupils, apars from firee to five or ten minutes with each of them before all the other members of the class, then has them practise together in para. He never hits a pupil hard enough to nurt him, but makes each one come at him with a will, hitting and stopping as hard as possible. If not a boxing move was taught, invaluable benefit would be derived from the exercise. No compilicated boxing move was taught, invaluable benefit would be derived from the exercise. No complicated fancy tip-tapping, ridiculous in an encounter and of little value as exercise, is taught, but the greatest pains are taken to impart a toprough knowledge and practice of the few and simple yet effective hits, stops, counters and dodges of the best puglisitie science. At the end of a single course of issues constant of the average strength and agility can stand off the average professional at over weights.

. . . . Mike Cleary, the famous middle-weight puglist, will be tendered a benefit in Brooklyn early next month. Dempsey has volunteered to wind up the anow with Cleary.

Dick Toner, who has seen Rilly Myers, the West-ern light-weight fighter, says McAuliffe can est-tainly defeat him.

Early visitors at the Hoffman House last evening had fun with a well-dressed, good-looking man of about thirty-five, who was paying an election better the best by pedding matches, &c., from a tray. One of two sympathisers bought the lucifers to help bits through with his job, but the winners of the best who accompanied him to see that he lived up to his agreement, made him treat the crowd on every sale.

Jake Kilrain and Charley stitchell were about town last night. Mitchell says he weighs is pounds, but he looks bigger. Both leave for Boston visit to-day. Bookmaker \*\* Butch "Thompson'is a \$6,000, wind ner on the results of the election.

Just a Little Precaution [From Judge.]



Gleaved in the Labor Field.

The Board of Walking Delegates of the Bro-iya Building Trades unions have ordered a sixt of all the miles men supplyed in the public asks buildings in Pacific street and at South Taird at Hayward streets, because metal workers were a lewed to do carpentry work.

Gleaned in the Labor Field.

The Central Labor Union will meet to-morrow
in Clarendon Hall.

The Wood-Turners' Progressive Union has
elected a walking delegate.

Two of the Furniture-Workers' unions have dis
covered that a man is a member of both organizetions, but he pays does to but one. The Furnitary--Workers' Section has left the unions to assist
the matter between them.

Fond Wife-Why, Charlie! what are you going ed with your hat on for ? Charlie (just home from political meeting)Nosain', midear, hosain' (hic). Just got it fasstile damp an-ah-want to-ah-keep it fros
inrinkin'. Always doch shrink (hic) meetin' night